

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE REGISTRY.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

File No.

REPORT

No. D 3714

SECTION 2 Station

Date 15/6 Date June 15, 1932

Subject (in full) Dmitry L. Makedonsky, deportee from Hongkong.

Made by D.S. Prokofiev

Forwarded by

D. S. Prokofiev

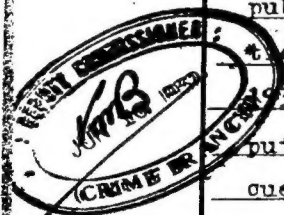
With reference to the attached cutting from the "Shanghai Times" of June 6, 1932, entitled "In Hongkong with no passport", enquiries show that Dmitry L. Makedonsky, a Jugo-Slavian, who was arrested by the Hongkong police on May 28, 1932 for being in the Colony without a passport, was later deported from Hongkong to Shanghai and arrived in this city on or about June 12 on board a Chinese vessel.

He is personally known to Dr. Y. P. Ryabin, a local medical practitioner who has his office at No 14 Kiukiang Road and who claims to be a representative of the local Jugo-Slavian community. Dr. Ryabin informed the undersigned that Makedonsky's statement regarding Jugo-Slavian subjects being repatriated from Shanghai was correct, as arrangements are being made whereby the Government of Jugo-Slavia will grant free passage Home to 40 families (about 120 persons) of indigent Jugo-Slavian subjects residing in China and wishing to be repatriated.

On May 6, 1932 a notification to this effect was published by Dr. Ryabin in local Russian newspapers (a translation is attached), and he is in receipt of letter dated May 12, 1932, Canton, from Makedonsky, in which the latter requests to be put on the list of those desiring to be repatriated. This request was complied with.

Makedonsky, prior to his departure for Canton towards the end of 1931, resided in Shanghai for several years. There is nothing in Municipal Police records to his detriment.

Enquiries have been made at the Passport Examination Office of the Shanghai Public Safety Bureau, No 38 Avenue Edward VII, with a view to ascertaining approximate number of persons deported to Shanghai from Hongkong and other colonies and



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countries in the Far East since May 1931, when the Passport Examination Office was established. Although the exact statistics are as yet unavailable, it is believed that the total number of such cases during the period indicated do not exceed 20.

In cases of this nature coming to the notice of the Chinese Authorities the deportees are detained at Nantao and are only released at the request of persons or organizations whom they mention as references and/or guarantors.

A. Prokofiev

D.S.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

D. B. (Crime)

Information

J. G. Guiness

O. i/c Sp. Br.

JUNE 15 1932

Reg: Please file \$2. Please arrange with Chinese Authorities to get information when such persons arrive here. This report may now be filed.

RECEIVED

necessary arrangements made 23/6/32

16:0:32

Translation of an article appearing in the " SLOVO" of
May 5, 1932.

The Government of Jugo-Slavia is prepared to grant free passage home to all Jugo-Slavian subjects residing in China who, on account of the present depression resulting from the recent events in China, wish to be repatriated.

For information apply to Dr. Y. P. Ryabin and Mr. I. F. Bechich, No. 14 Kiukiang Road, Tel. No. 16556, between 4 and 5 p.m. daily.

SPECIAL INQUIRY
Memorandum.

D. 3714.

POLICE FORCE,
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,

To S2 Shanghai, June 5 1932

Please check
information and
report.

Would it be
possible to obtain
approximate statistics
of the number of
persons who were
deported from
Hongkong and
other colonies and
countries in the Far
East to Shanghai
recently? Also the

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE,
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Shanghai,.....193.....

To.....

Chinese Passport
Office been able
to do anything
to prevent the
shipping of
undesirables to
Shanghai?

W.H.

As. Prot. Secy.
10/5/32

3913

IN HONGKONG WITH NO PASSPORT

Jugo-Slavian Who Came
From Canton; Man
Sent To Prison

Dmitri Lazebovich Makedonsky, a Jugo-Slavian, appeared before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Central Magistracy in Hongkong charged with being in the Colony without a passport.

Det. Sergt. Mottram, prosecuting, stated that in November last year H.B.M. Consul in Canton wrote to the Inspector-General of Police here saying that Makedonsky had applied for a visa for Hongkong and asking if the I.G.P. could recommend it. The reply by the I.G.P. was to the effect that such a visa could not be recommended, but in spite of the refusal, Makedonsky was some time afterwards found staying at a boarding-house in Kowloon. He was warned and deported back to Canton.

Making For Shanghai

He turned up again on Friday, and in giving himself up told the police that he was en route to Shanghai where he learned Jugo-Slavians were being repatriated, and that his desire was to go with them. The police had no such information. The prisoner had no visa for Hongkong, simply an endorsement on the back of the document "Visa applied for." The Japanese ship on which the prisoner was hoping to go to Shanghai was stated to be sailing on the 6th of next month. How he could get there on the five dollars which were all he had, he (Sergt. Mottram) could not see.

The officer asked that a fairly lenient sentence, say of seven days' hard labour, be imposed, which would carry them on to the 6th when they would see if there were any means of deporting the man to Shanghai. In the opinion of the officer that would be better than a longer sentence entailing the man again being returned to Canton.

The Magistrate agreed, and sentenced Makedonsky to seven days' hard labour.

Off. Sp. Br.
En. Information
JWZ

52, Please attach happy photo
file.
6:6:32

NO PASSPORT.

Jugo-Slavian Who Came From Canton.

MAN SENT TO PRISON.

May 28
Dimitri Lazebovich Makedonsky, a Jugo-Slavian, appeared before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Central Magistracy on Saturday charged with being in the Colony without a passport.

Det. Sergt. Mottram, prosecuting, stated that in November last year H.B.M. Consul in Canton wrote to the Inspector-General of Police here saying that Makedonsky had applied for a visa for Hongkong and asking if the I.G.P. could recommend it. The reply by the I.G.P. was to the effect that such a visa could not be recommended, but in spite of the refusal, Makedonsky was some time afterwards found staying at a boarding-house in Kowloon, warned and deported from Canton.

Making for Shanghai.
He turned up again on Friday, and in giving himself up told the police that he was on route to Shanghai where he intended Jugo-Slavians were being recruited, and that his desire was to go with them. The police had no such information. The prisoner had no visa for Hongkong, merely an endorsement on the back of the document "Visa applied for." The Japanese ship on which the prisoner was hoping to go to Shanghai was slated to be calling on the 21st of next month. Now he could not get there on the five dollars which were all he had, he (Sergt. Mottram) could not see.

The officer asked that a fairly short sentence, say of seven days' hard labour, be imposed, which would carry them on to the 21st when they would see if there were any means of obtaining the ship to Shanghai. In the opinion of the officer that would be better than a longer sentence entailing the man again being returned to

The Magistrate agreed, and sentenced Makedonsky to seven days' hard labour.